

# **ANGLO COAL**

# Investor Presentation August 2005







### **Participants**



#### John Wallington

Chief Executive Officer Anglo Coal

#### Norman Mbazima

Chief Financial Officer Anglo Coal

### **Roger Wicks**

Head of Energy – AA plc Head of Global Marketing - Anglo Coal

## **Business Overview**



✓ Leading producer of thermal	▶ 6 <sup>th</sup> largest producer
and metallurgical coal	► 4 <sup>th</sup> largest global producer
✓ Geographic diversity	► Australia – 12.7 Mt (29%) for H1 2005 (attributable saleable tons)
	<ul> <li>South Africa – 26.6 Mt (60%) for H1 2005 (attributable saleable tons)</li> </ul>
	South America - 4.8 Mt (11%) for H1 2005 (attributable saleable tons)
✓ Market spread	Domestic market - 52% production
	Med-Atlantic market – 31% production
	Indo-Pacific market – 17% production
✓ Product offering	► Thermal coal – 38,7 Mt (87%) for H1 2005
	Metallurgical coal – 5.4 Mt (13%) for H1 2005
✓ Strong cashflow generator	EBITDA H1 2005: US\$476m; (EBITDA H1 2004: US\$286m)
	Total free cash generated 1999-2004: US\$1.8bn
✓ Competitive technical	► 32.2 Mt opencut production
capacity	11.9 Mt underground production
<ul> <li>Consistent contributor to AA plc's earnings</li> </ul>	► H1 2005: 13% (H1 2004: 9%)
✓ Positive outlook	<ul> <li>Exciting mix of greenfield and brownfield projects</li> </ul>

## **Interim Financial Review**



#### **Financial synopsis**

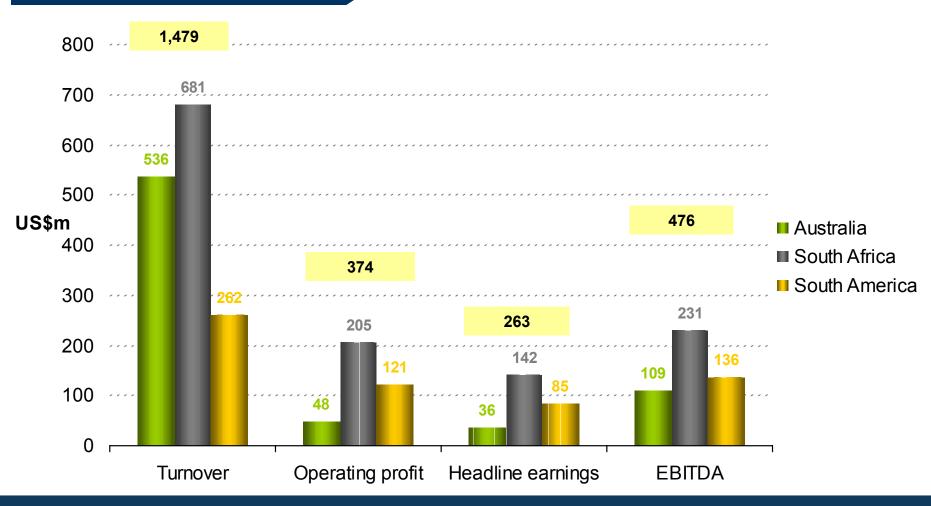
- □ Headline earnings of US\$263m in H1 2005, an increase of 78% over H1 2004
- □ Improved performance due to more favourable commodity prices and production efficiencies
- **Australia impacted by operating difficulties at Dartbrook and carry over tonnage at Moranbah**

	H1 2005	H1 2004	2004
Turnover (\$m)	1,479	1,040	2,382
EBITDA (\$m)	476	286	687
Operating profit (\$m)	374	201	497
Headline earnings (\$m)	263	148	357
Capital expenditure	126	64	218
Net operating assets	2,350	2,105	2,546
Share of group headline earnings	13%	9%	13%
Share of group net operating assets	6%	6%	6%

# **Interim Financial Review**



Geographical synopsis (H1 2005)



## **Interim Financial Review**



#### Salient issues (H1 2005)

#### Australia

- Results negatively impacted by geological difficulties at Dartbrook thermal coal mine and the effect of carryover tonnage at Moranbah North metallurgical coal mine
- ► Operating profit of US\$48m includes Moranbah North insurance claim of US\$28m
- ▶ Net increase in production of 0.7mt to 12.7mt from H1:2004 (12.0mt)
- ► Longwall performance at Moranbah North progressing well (>2.1mt produced in H1: 2005)

#### **South Africa**

- Operating profit increased by 120% to US\$205m on the back of higher export prices (52%), and a 1% increase in sales volumes supported by a 3% improvement in production to 26.6mt
- Higher production includes 0.6mt from the Mafube mine mini-pit (Eyesizwe joint venture)

#### **South America**

- Attributable sales tonnage from Colombia increased by 4% to 4.3mt and attributable operating profit rose to US\$109m (H1 2004: US\$79m)
- Venezuelan sales increased by 1% to 0.8mt (attributable)

# **Topical Issues**



SA Mining Charter		
Ownership (Charter target 26% by 2014)	<ul> <li>Facilitated establishment of Eyesizwe, Leeuw Mining &amp; Exploration, Imbani Coal, Mafube Colliery</li> <li>21% of Anglo Coal's potential production sold to BEE companies</li> </ul>	
Procurement	<ul> <li>R471 m sourced from BEE companies in H1 2005</li> <li>27% of Anglo Coal's discretionary spend</li> </ul>	
Employment Equity (Charter target 40% by 2009)	► 28% of senior management HDSA's	
Other	<ul> <li>Mineral &amp; Petroleum Resources Development Act – mining rights conversion process underway – most applications for conversions have been submitted</li> <li>Human resource development</li> </ul>	
Australian production		
Moranbah North	<ul> <li>Longwall performance has progressed well with production in excess of 2mt</li> <li>Carryover tonnage was significant but mitigation measures agreed</li> </ul>	
German Creek	Fewer longwall moves planned for H2 2005 compared to H1	
Dartbrook	<ul> <li>Longwall transition from Wynn to Kayuga Seam challenging</li> <li>Longwall relocated to next panel and strategic review in progress</li> </ul>	
Ports	Quota scheme introduced at DBCT	

### **Market Overview**

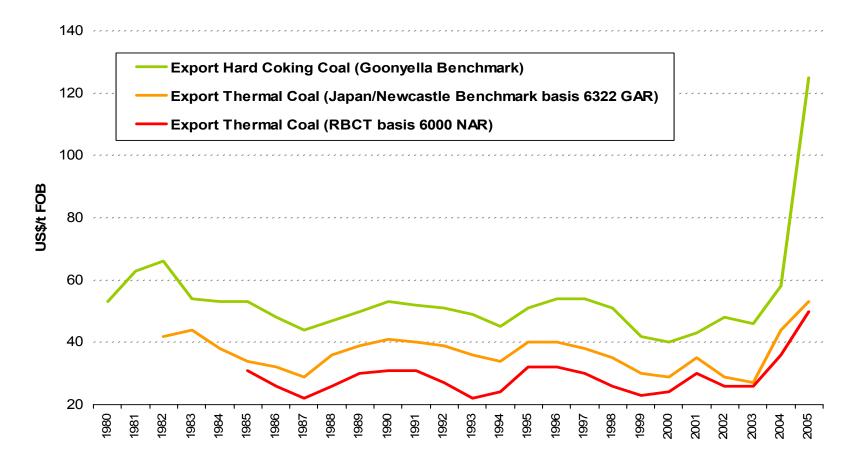


Key Factors	Anglo Coal Response			
Diverse sectors, drivers, structures, pricing mechanisms and power margins (spreads)	<ul> <li>Comprehensive product range being enhanced</li> <li>Sector specific marketing strategies</li> <li>Customer survey</li> </ul>			
Varying levels of consolidation	<ul> <li>Competitive market share permits an independent approach</li> </ul>			
Domestic markets underpin higher value export sectors	<ul> <li>Key shares in SA and Australian domestic markets</li> </ul>			
Export Thermal sector – record prices and growth despite carbon constraints	<ul> <li>Customer specific strategies (price, quality, carbon)</li> <li>Understanding volatility</li> </ul>			
Export Metallurgical sector – record prices and structural tightness going forward	<ul> <li>Product portfolio enhancement</li> <li>Technically driven value creation in consultation with customers</li> </ul>			
Carbon constraints a reality	<ul> <li>A considered, proactive, multi-faceted response</li> </ul>			

## **Price History**

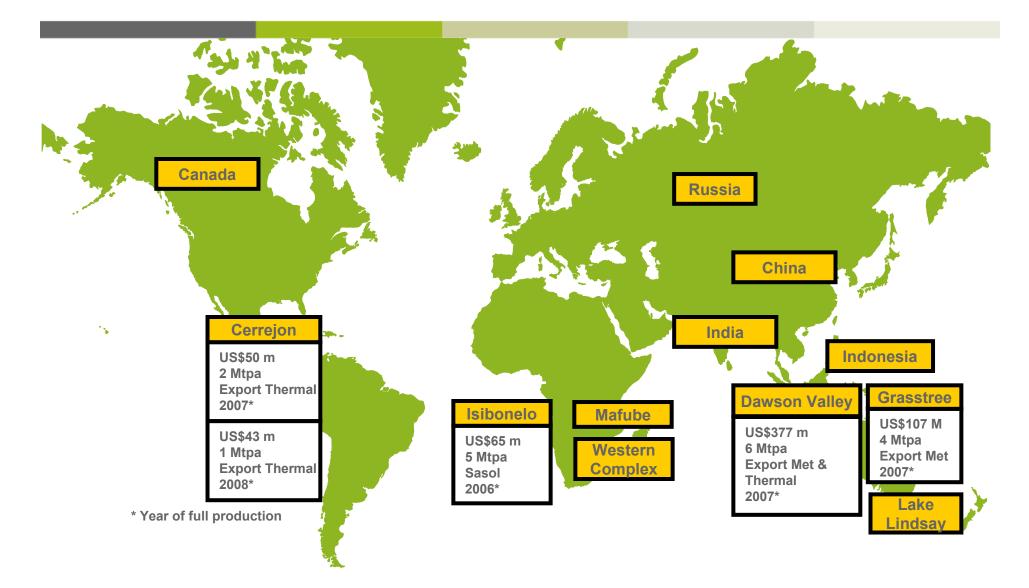


#### Commodity price trends



## **Project Pipeline**





# **Adjacency Strategies (Horizon 3)**



### **Current initiatives**

### **Coal bed/mine methane**

- ► Dawson (Australia)
- ► Waterberg (South Africa)
- ► German Creek (Australia)

### Monash Energy

- Power and low sulphur diesel
- ► Carbon capture and storage
- ► Government support

### **Coal gasification**

- ► China Xiwan
- ► Chemicals and power
- Emissions reduction

✓ Long lead time
✓ High capital cost
✓ New skill base
✓ High returns

### **Outlook and Conclusion**



- Thermal coal prices have remained close to the US\$50 level for some time, but have softened slightly of late. Expectations are for reasonable firmness through 2006
- Metallurgical prices are also expected to remain relatively firm
- ► Infrastructure constraints are still an issue
- Optimistic that conversion applications will be granted
- Number of new projects under consideration due to the strong domestic and international demand
- Strong organic growth forecast driven by projects in all major production centres
- Production outlook positive